



University Hospitals  
Coventry and Warwickshire



NHS Trust

# ACUTE FRAILTY UNIT

Dr Katie Thin

Consultant Geriatrician




This Ward Operates a  
*Protected Mealtime*  
Service

At Lunch from 12:00 to 1:15  
and  
at Supper from 5:45 to 6:45

Please avoid entering the ward or  
visiting during mealtimes.

Please contact the ward manager for more information.

**ACUTE FRAILTY UNIT**  
WARD 21 MEDICINE



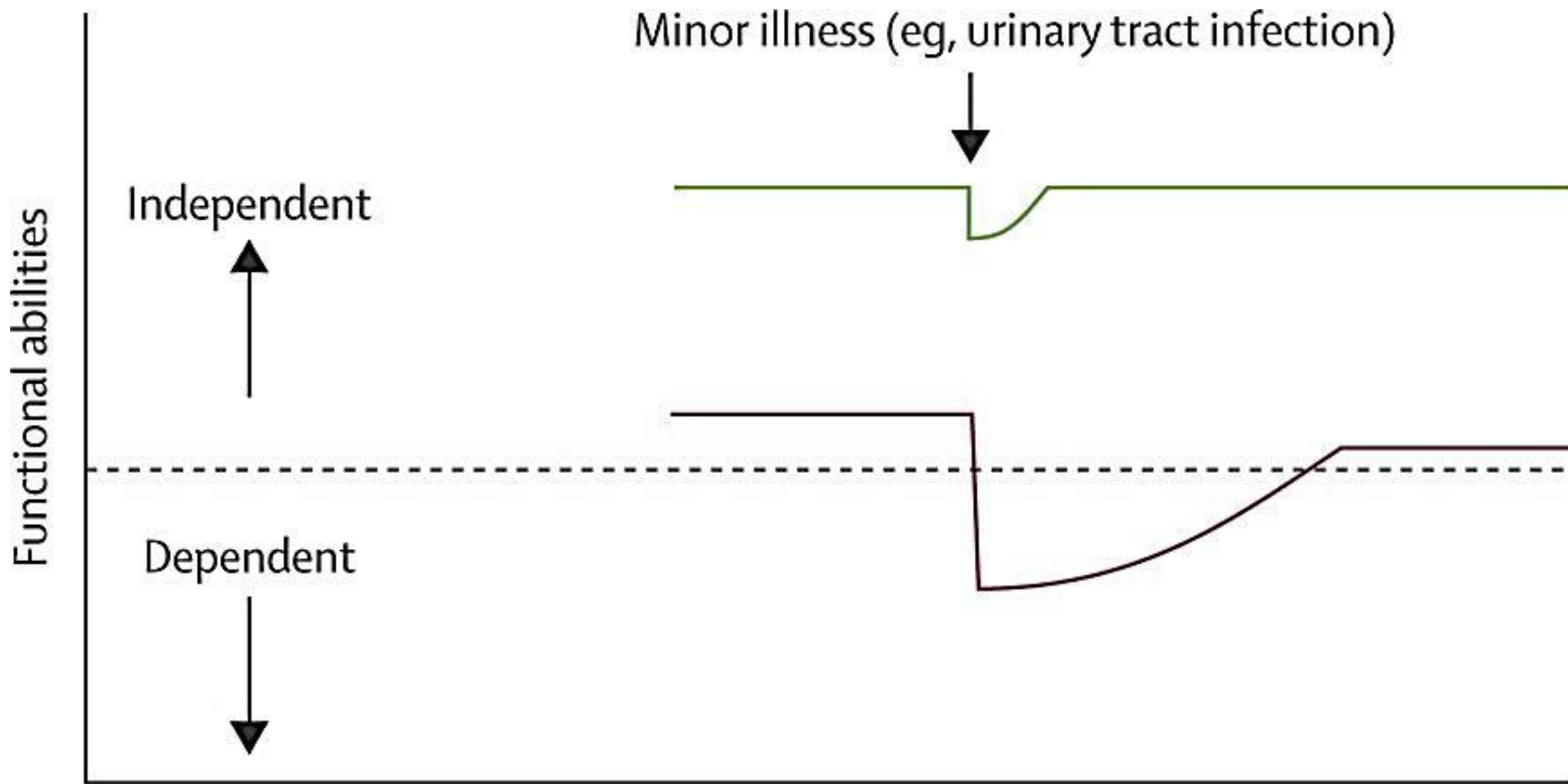
# Aim

- **What is Frailty?**
- **How does that fit in with hospital medicine?**

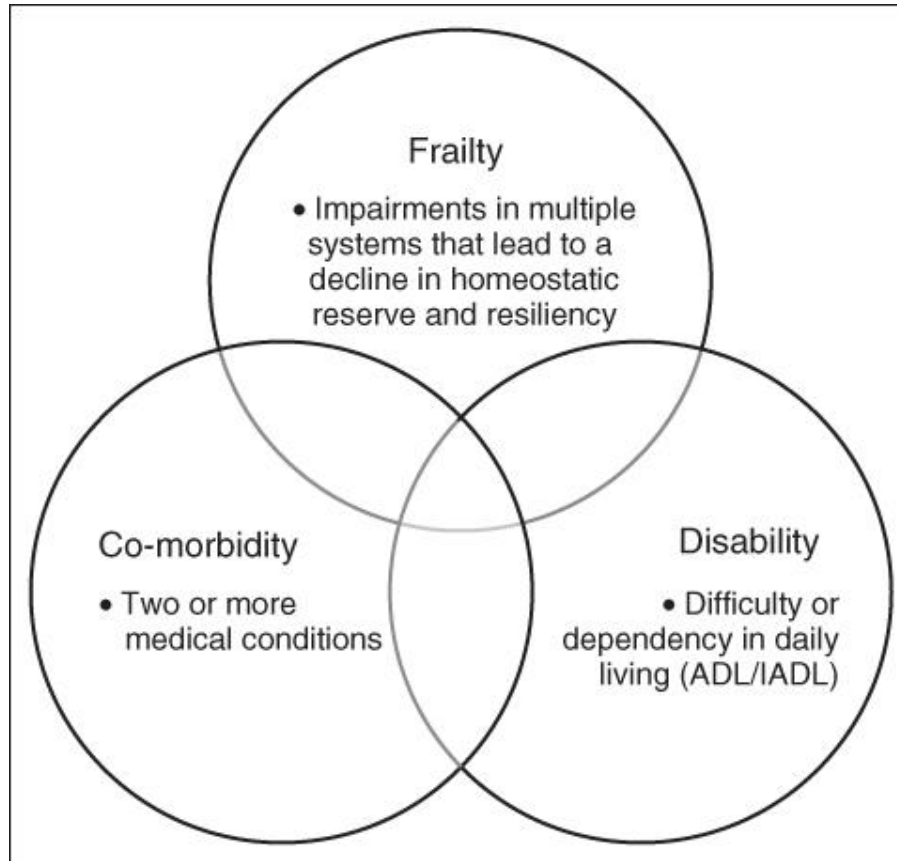
# Frailty – a definition

- a distinctive health state
- related to ageing process
- Multiple body systems gradually lose their built-in reserve[poor functional reserve]

*“Fit for frailty”* – British Geriatric Society 2014



# Overlap



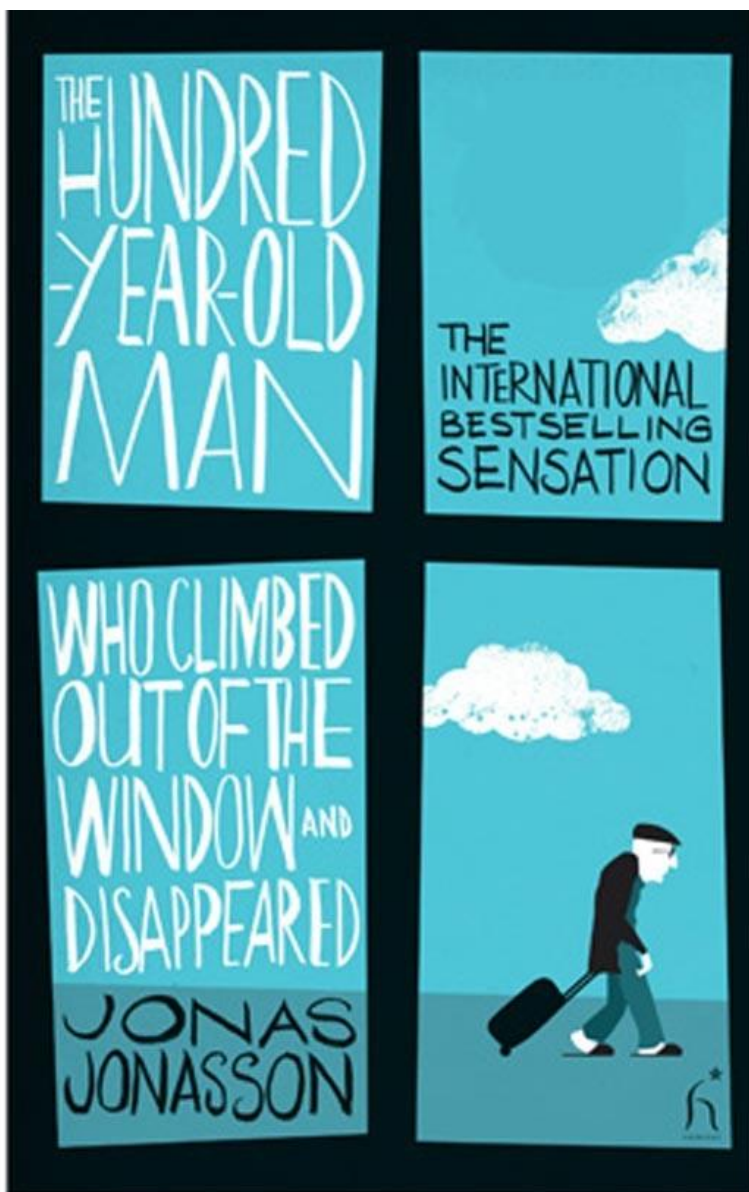
- Frailty is a long-term condition associated with ageing (not inevitable!!)
- Frailty is not static, it can be improved (or worsened)



# Older Marathon Runners







# Why is it important to be aware of frailty

- Poor physiological reserve
- Risk of adverse outcome after apparently minor event eg infection/new medication
- Dramatic change in their physical and mental well being
- Poor outcome after operation



# Why do we need to identify frailty

- Intervention to improve outcome  
[minor stress = adverse outcome]
- To avoid unnecessary harm





# Fit for Frailty

Consensus best practice guidance for the care of older people living with frailty in community and outpatient settings

A report by the  
**British Geriatrics Society**  
in association with the Royal College of  
General Practitioners and Age UK  
June 2014

<http://www.bgs.org.uk/index.php/fit-for-frailty>

# To identify frailty

- **PRISMA 7 Questionnaire** - A score of  $> 3$  is considered to identify frailty.
- **Walking speed (gait speed)** -
- **Timed up and go test** -
- **Self-Reported Health** -
- **GP assessment** -
- **Multiple medications (polypharmacy)** -
- **The Groningen Frailty Indicator questionnaire** - which is a 15 item frailty questionnaire

# Screening for frailty on a population

- Expensive
  - No evidence of improved outcome
  - Tools; low specificity
- 
- *Are we fit for frailty???*

# When to look for frailty

- Routine OPD appt [ med, surgical, memory]
- Primary care review for older people
- Social service assessment for care and support
- Review by community care team/home carers in community
- Ambulance crew called out
- [planning for any intervention, new medication/operation] without recognising frailty may result in significant harm



# Frailty syndromes (“Geriatric Giants”) raise suspicion that individual concerned has frailty

- Falls
- Immobility
- Delirium
- Incontinence
- Susceptibility to medication side-effects





# Intervention 1

- Comprehensive, holistic review
  - Medical needs
  - Functional needs
  - Psychological needs
  - Social needs

e.g. Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment (CGA)



# Evidence around CGA

- increases a patient's likelihood of being alive and in their own home at up to 12 months [CGA for older person admitted as emergency]. Cochrane review
- CGA followed by home care or by a hospital based multidisciplinary outreach team demonstrated a lower rate of readmissions during the first 30 days



# Intervention 2

- Consider & address reversible conditions
- Consider specialist input (e.g. geriatrician, old-age psychiatrist)
- Consider other MDT input (e.g. community matron)
- Medication reviews
- Personalised care planning (and share it –with who?)



# Advance Care Planning

- Planning of care towards the end of life
- Patient's wishes:
  - Preferred place of death
  - Emergency medications at home
  - Resuscitation status
- Record patient consent (if capacity)
- Record the patient's understanding of diagnosis / issues
- Next of kin & carer details



# Integrated Frailty service IFS

- aims to offer early and holistic assessment for frail/older patients within ED, Acute Medicine and the Acute Frailty Unit (AFU).
- colleagues from primary care, community and voluntary sector



- The IFS offers an acute assessment service whereby frail/older patients receive direct specialist input from the onset of their care.
- stream patients from ED and Acute Medicine to the AFU



- AFU; part of IFS
- Frail elderly, can not be discharged from ED = admission to AFU
- Jan 2017
- 12 bedded unit short stay Geriatric assessment unit [ wd 21]



# Pathway

- PRIMA 7 questionnaire,
- NEW less than 4
- Could get benefit from CGA
- Frailty syndrome
- Direct admission from ED to AFU



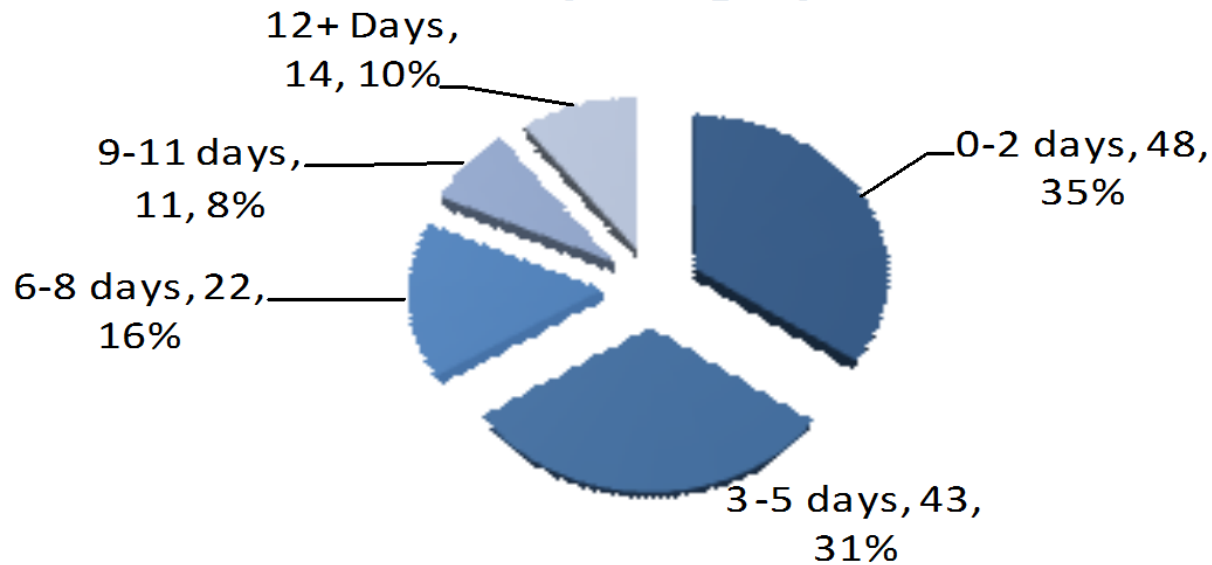


- Clinical team;2 consultants; Dr Ong and Dr Thin, StR, junior drs, presence of senior decision maker every day
- Nursing team ,therapy team ,discharge team
- MDT team. Age UK, community matron support
- Board round on wd and daily MDT at frailty HUB
- CGA ,rapid and safe discharge plan, FU at day 7 and day 30
- 



# Length of Stay ;Jan 17 to March 17; 138 patients

## Acute Frailty Unit Admissions by Length of Stay Category



- **66%**, have been inpatients a maximum of **5 days or less** compared to only 27% of patients on Ward 20 and 32% of patients on Ward 40 staying 5 days or less.
- this trend for **short stay patients** on the AFU will continue to rise with long stay patients decreasing.



## Re admitted within 30 days

- Feb ;45 discharges;17 readmission.37%
- Mar;21 discharges ;6 readmission. 28%
- Apr; 29 discharges ;4 readmisison.13%
  
- Feb= combined 21 medicine and AFU ;AFU code in CRRS started in March.

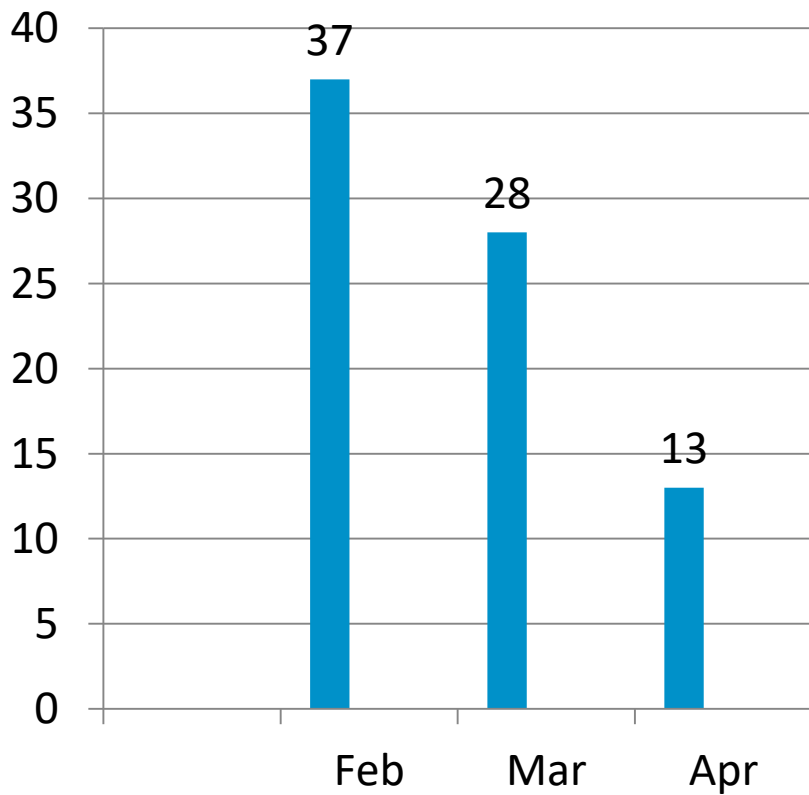


# Re admission in percentage *source PPMO*

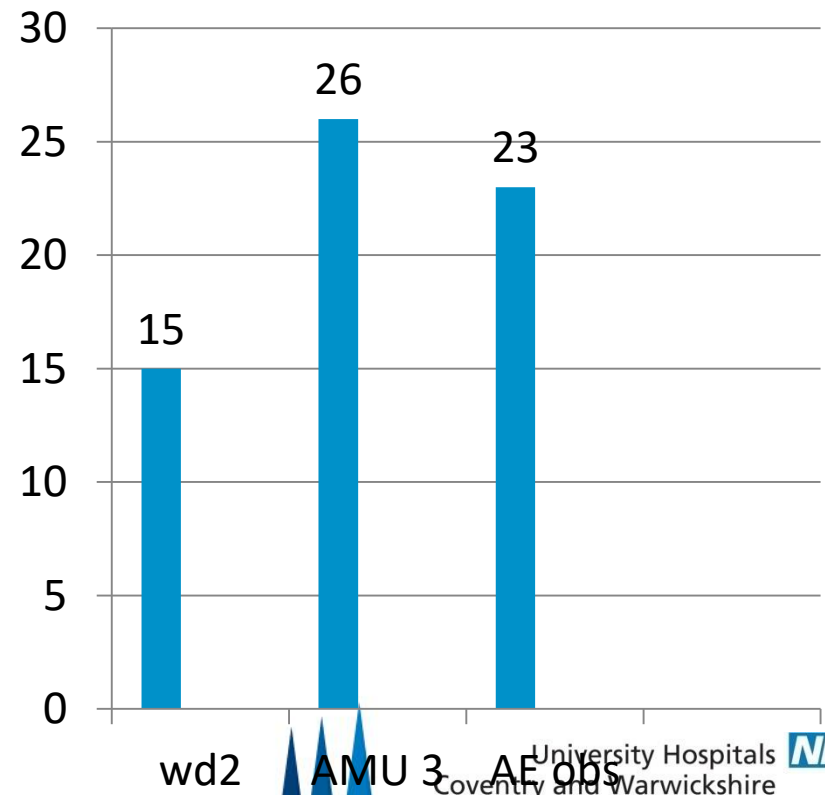
## AFU

Feb;AFU+wd 21 med

Mar Apr.AFU

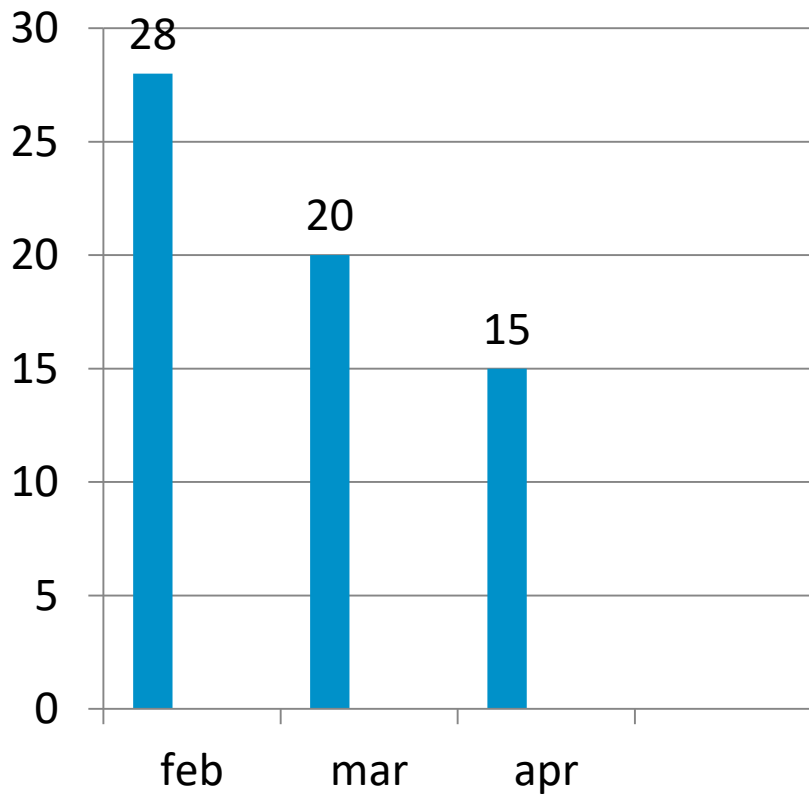


## April 2017

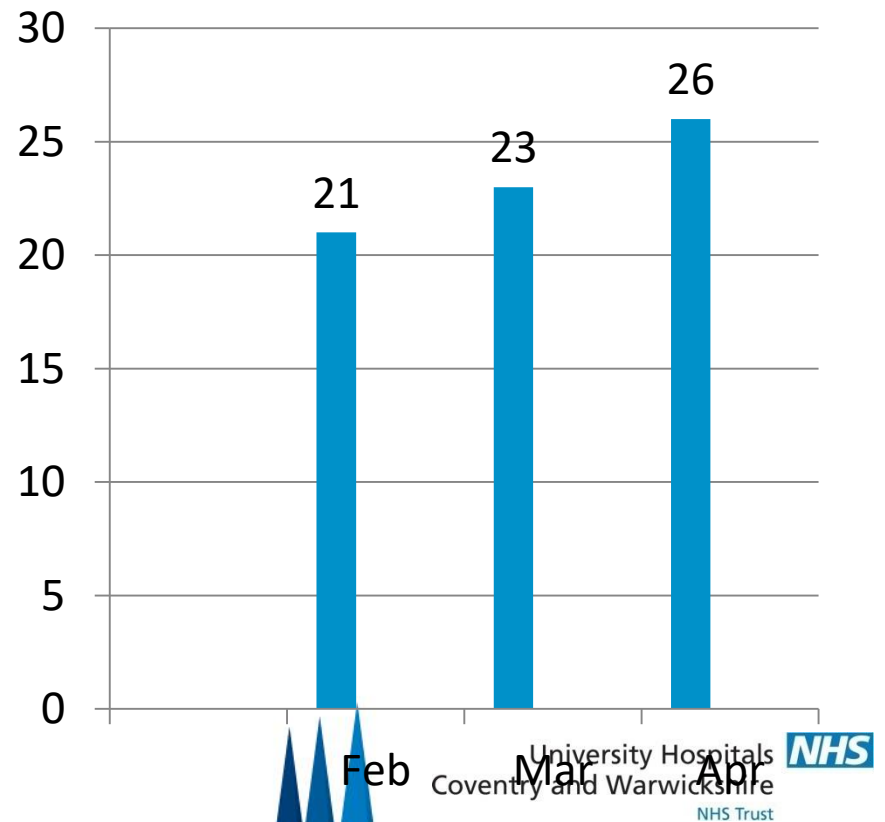


# Wd 2 and 3- acute med short stay wd with some IFS support *source PPMO*

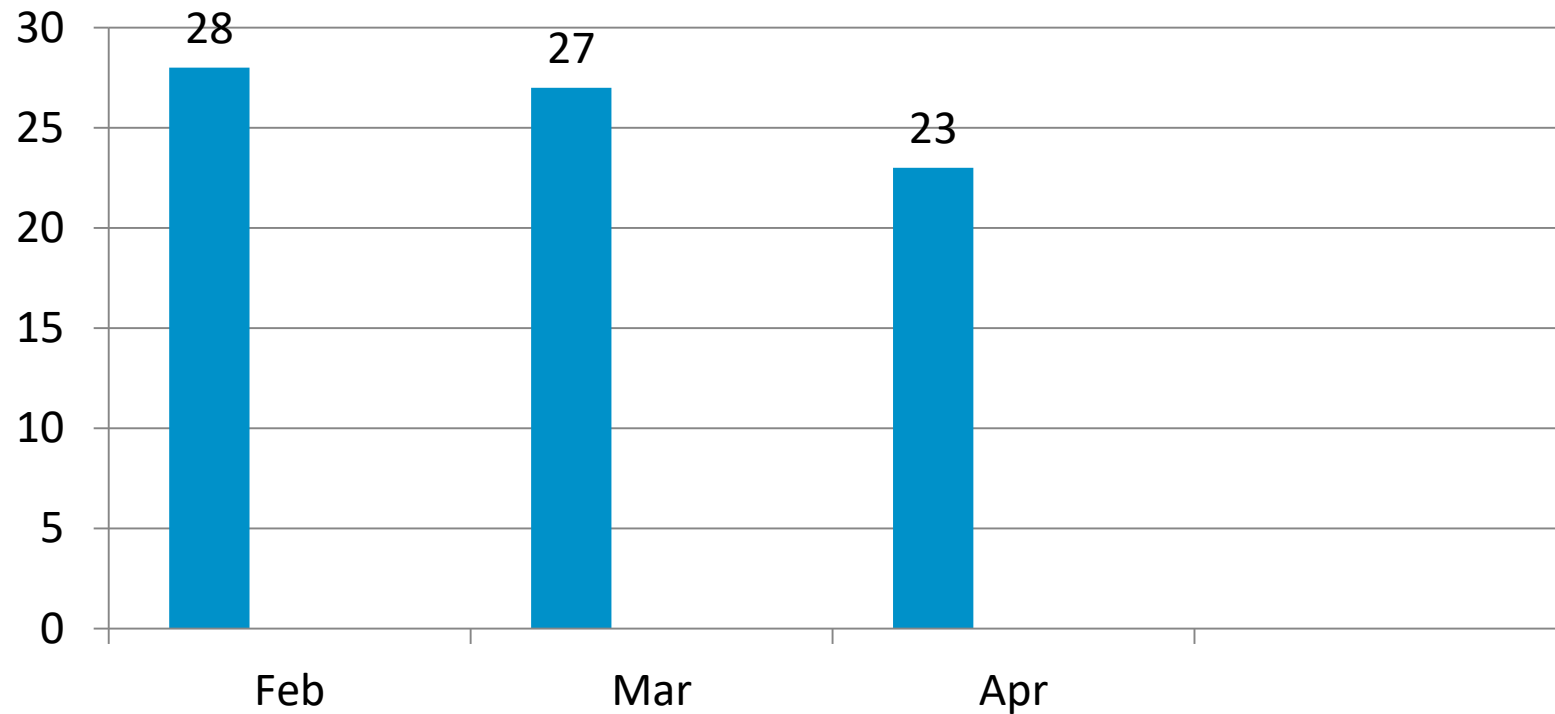
## Over 65 readmission wd 2 in percentage



## Over 65 readmission wd 3 in percentage



# Over 65 re admission AE observation



# What is next?

- Looking for discharge destination. Residential home admission vs living in own home
- Mortality
- CGA at ED?
- Training for ED dr e.g. HECTOR course (*Follow on Twitter: @HECTORcares*)





# HEARTLAND ELDERLY CARE TRAUMA AND ONGOING RECOVERY






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**Thank you for your attention!**

